SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 6 October 2016 Version 8

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: SINGLE STAGE HARDENER	
Product code	: ESH200	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)	

Technical Phone Number : 1-800-647-6050

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
	United States Page: 1/14

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	Combustible liquid. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.	-
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.	-
Response	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.	
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Supplemental label elements	Moisture-sensitive material. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.	6
Hazards not otherwise classified	May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
······································	≥75 - ≤90 ≥10 - ≤20 <1.0	28182-81-2 763-69-9 822-06-0

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the from the chemical container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if **Special protective actions** there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable for fire-fighters training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing **Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from combustible materials. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120°F / 49°C. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO ₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³
	STEL: 1 mg/m ³
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 50 ppm
	STEL: 100 ppm
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 0.03 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as CN) 8 hours.
Key to abbreviation	
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak	S = Potential skin absorption

		-	
ACGIH	 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. 	SR	 Respiratory sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	 Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL	= Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	 Internal Permissible Exposure Limit 	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	 Occupational Safety and Health Administration. 	TLV	 Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	 Time Weighted Average

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances Ζ

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

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procedures
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Recommended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

United States

Page: 7/14

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or
controls	other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: By spraying: air-fed respirator. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Restrictions on use	 Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 75.56°C (168°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1%
Evaporation rate	: 0.12 (butyl acetate = 1)
Vapor pressure	: 0.2 kPa (1.5 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.14
Density(lbs / gal)	: 9.51
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 13% (v/v), 10.96% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 89.04

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m³	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.39 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit Rat - Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2500 mg/kg 10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Rat	151 mg/m ³ 22 ppm	4 hours 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.57 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.71 g/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on th	ne mixture itself.		1
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
	: There are no data available on the			
Eyes	: There are no data available on th			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
<u>Sensitization</u>				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the			
	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Teratogenicity				
	There are no data available on the	e mixture itself.		
Specific target organ toxicity	(<u>single exposure)</u>			
Name				Category
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, o hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	ligomers			Category 3 Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)				
Not available.				
Carget organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).				

Aspiration hazard

United States Page: 9/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking Ingestion : No specific data. Delayed and immediate offects and also chronic offects from short and long term exposure Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nuesed, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Short term exposure Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects : Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Effects Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. General	information on the likely rot	
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	Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
United States Page: 10/14	Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		United States Page: 10/14

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 11. Toxicological information

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Developmental effects**

Teratogenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Øral Inhalation (gases) Inhalation (vapors) Inhalation (dusts and mists)	29283.8 mg/kg 5061.3 ppm 12.37 mg/l 1.687 mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Result	Species	Exposure		
•	•	72 hours		
•		48 hours 96 hours		
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Daphnia - daphnia magna		

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	-	3.2	low
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	1.08	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	UN1263	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	-	-	
Transport hazard class (es)	Combustible liquid.	-	-	
Packing group	111	-	-	
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.	

Additional information

- DOT : Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.
 IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

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United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Yes. Yes. No.	No. No. No.	No. No. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes.	No. No. No.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 1

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Health : Flammability : 2 Instability : 1 3 Date of previous issue 9/1/2016 Organization that prepared : EHS the MSDS Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

United States Page: 13/14

Product name SINGLE STAGE HARDENER

Section 16. Other information

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.